

## Accelerating AI skills

### Preparing the Workforce in India for Jobs of the Future

#### March 2024

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is reshaping the workforce in India - from how organizations operate to how work gets done. Despite varying levels of AI adoption across sectors and organizations in India, AI will be a game-changer over the next five years.

To better understand emerging AI usage trends and where workplaces might be headed, Access Partnership collaborated with Amazon Web Services (AWS) to survey over 1,600 workers and 500 organizations in India. Findings show that having AI skills could boost productivity, salaries, and career growth for workers, but there's a lack of AI-skilled talent to harness the full potential of AI.

Artificial Intelligence (AI) taps into the power of computers and machines to mimic the problem-solving and decision-making capabilities of the human mind, such as visual perception, speech recognition, and translating languages.

#### Top Takeaways:

1 Most organizations will use AI by 2028 and expect big benefits

Almost all (99%) employers in India expect their organizations will use AI-powered solutions and tools by 2028. While most employers (97%) believe their finance departments will be the biggest beneficiary of AI, they also expect IT (96%), research and development (96%), sales and marketing (96%), business operations (95%), HR (94%), and legal (92%) to benefit too. In addition, 71% of employers expect task automation to be the top benefit of AI.

**2** Generative AI will transform how we work

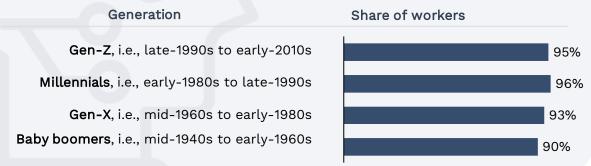
The results show a largely positive outlook on the impact of generative AI, with over 98% of employers and workers in India expecting to use generative AI in their organizations in the next five years. This fast-developing technology will be used by workers of all levels of technical knowledge – 84% of 'techspecialists' expect to use it significantly, followed by 71% of 'tech-adjacent' workers, and 61% of 'non-tech' workers.

Generative AI refers to a type of AI that can help create new ideas and content in the form of conversations, stories, images, videos, music, and more – unlike traditional AI systems which are designed to recognize patterns and make predictions.

3 Acquiring AI skills could boost pay and create other career benefits for workers

Employers in India value workers with AI skills and are willing to pay at least 54% more to hire them. Workers, on the other hand, have signaled a strong desire to develop AI skills to advance their careers, with 95% showing a keen interest. The top motivations for acquiring AI skills include higher salaries, increased job efficiency, and career advancement. Some notable stats include 96% of female respondents and 90% of baby boomers showing a keen interest in picking up AI skills to advance their careers.

Share of surveyed workers interested in developing AI skills to advance careers, by generation



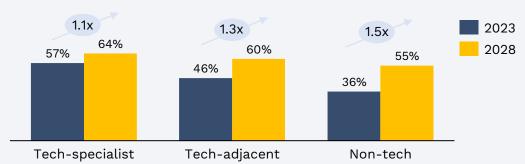
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### The productivity payoff from an AI-skilled workforce could be immense

Surveyed employers in India believe that AI can boost productivity by 68%, while workers find that AI can make tasks 66% more efficient. The full extent of AI productivity gains is expected to be felt in 2028, with workers across all levels of technical knowledge<sup>1</sup> anticipated to contribute. In particular, the use of AI solutions and tools by 'non-tech' workers is projected to increase 1.5x by 2028.



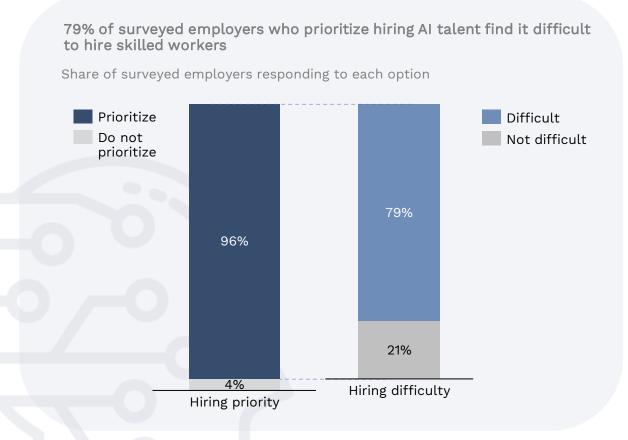
Expected share of job tasks completed using AI-powered solutions and tools by type of tech worker in 2023 and 2028





# The AI skills gap can be reduced through more awareness of training programs

Hiring AI talent is a priority for over nine in 10 (96%) employers in India, of which 79% can't find the AI talent they need. The research also uncovers a training awareness gap, whereby 91% of employers don't know how to implement an AI workforce training program. And 86% of workers aren't sure about the relevant career paths where AI skills would be useful.



SOURCE: Survey of 510 employers and 1,619 workers in India (Access Partnership analysis)

1. Three types of workers were surveyed: (1) Tech-specialists: those who develop new technologies and use specialized tech knowledge, (2) Tech-adjacent workers: those dealing with technological products and services, (3) Non-tech workers: those who do not require advanced tech knowledge and skills.