

Accelerating AI skills

Preparing the Asia Pacific Workforce for Jobs of the Future

March 2024

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is reshaping the workforce in Asia Pacific (APAC) - from how organizations operate to how work gets done. Despite varying levels of AI adoption across countries in the region, AI will be a game-changer over the next five years.

To better understand emerging AI usage trends and where workplaces might be headed, Access Partnership collaborated with Amazon Web Services (AWS) to survey close to 15,000 workers and 5,000 organizations in the APAC region.¹ Findings show that having AI skills could boost productivity, salaries, and career growth for workers, but there's a lack of AI-skilled talent to harness the full potential of AI.

Artificial Intelligence (AI) taps into the power of computers and machines to mimic the problem-solving and decision-making capabilities of the human mind, such as visual perception, speech recognition, and translating languages.

Top Takeaways:

1 Most organizations will use AI by 2028 and expect big benefits

More than 92% of APAC employers expect their organizations will use AI-powered solutions and tools by 2028, with the IT and Telecommunications (97%), financial services (95%), and public sector (91%) industries leading the charge. While most employers (91%) believe their IT departments will be the biggest beneficiary of AI, they also expect business operations (89%), finance (88%), research and development (88%), sales and marketing (87%), legal (82%) and HR (81%) to benefit too. In addition, 64% of employers expect automating repetitive tasks to be the top benefit of AI.

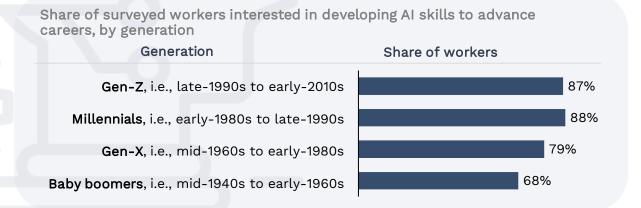
2 Generative AI will transform how we work

The results show a largely positive outlook on the impact of generative AI, with 93% of APAC employers and 90% of workers expecting to use generative AI in their organizations in the next five years. This fast-developing technology will be used by workers of all levels of technical knowledge – 65% of 'techspecialists' expect to use it significantly, followed by 47% of 'tech-adjacent' workers, and 29% of 'nontech' workers.

Generative AI refers to a type of AI that can help create new ideas and content in the form of conversations, stories, images, videos, music, and more – unlike traditional AI systems which are designed to recognize patterns and make predictions.

Acquiring AI skills could boost pay and create other career benefits for workers

APAC employers value workers with AI skills and are willing to pay at least 33% more to hire them. Workers, on the other hand, have signaled a strong desire to develop AI skills to advance their careers, with 83% showing a keen interest. The top motivations for acquiring AI skills include increased job efficiency, greater job satisfaction, and faster career progression. Some notable stats include 84% of female respondents and roughly two-thirds (68%) of baby boomers showing a keen interest in picking up AI skills to advance their careers.



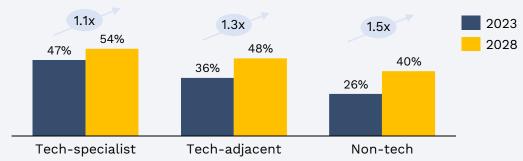
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The productivity payoff from an AI-skilled workforce could be immense

APAC employers believe that AI can boost productivity by 51%, while workers find that AI can make tasks 50% more efficient. The full extent of AI productivity gains is expected to be felt in 2028, with workers across all levels of technical knowledge² anticipated to contribute. In particular, the use of AI solutions and tools by 'non-tech' workers is projected to increase 1.5x by 2028.

Use of AI solutions and tools by non-tech workers expected to increase 1.5x by 2028

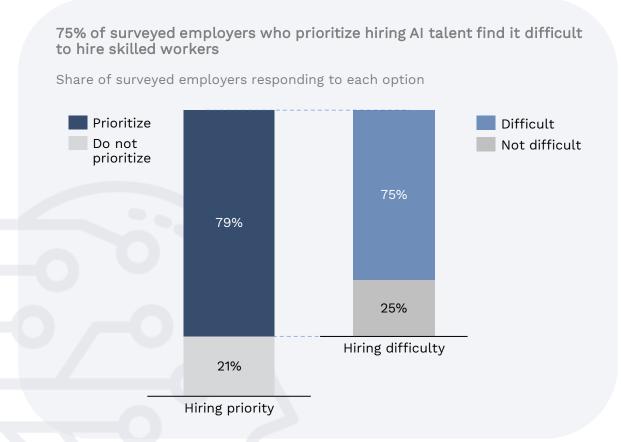
Expected share of job tasks completed using AI-powered solutions and tools by type of tech worker in 2023 and 2028





The APAC AI skills gap can be reduced through more awareness of training programs

Hiring AI talent is a priority for nearly **four in five (79%)** APAC employers, of which **75%** can't find the AI talent they need. The research also uncovers a training awareness gap, whereby **79%** of employers don't know how to implement an AI workforce training program, and **74%** of workers lack knowledge about available AI training programs. Meanwhile, **74%** of workers aren't sure about the relevant career paths where AI skills would be useful.



SOURCE: Survey of 4,664 employers and 14,896 workers in Asia Pacific (Access Partnership analysis)

2. Three types of workers were surveyed: (1) Tech-specialists: those who develop new technologies and use specialized tech knowledge, (2) Tech-adjacent workers: those dealing with technological products and services, (3) Non-tech workers: those who do not require advanced tech knowledge and skills.